

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for synchronizing a base station to a mobile station, comprising:

transmitting a signal sequence  $K(i)$  of length  $n$  from the base station to the mobile station in a synchronization channel, the mobile station using the signal sequence  $K(i)$  to determine a timing of the base station, the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being obtainable by:

repeating,  $n_1$  times, a second signal sequence element  $K_2(k)$  of length  $n_2$

to form a second signal sequence, the second signal sequence being modulated with first signal sequence elements  $K_1(j)$  of length  $n_1$ ;

wherein  $n_1$  is equal to  $n_2$ , and  $i, j$  and  $k$  are integers; and

achieving timeslot synchronization between the base station and the mobile station using the synchronization channel.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein  $n$  is equal to 256,  $n_1$  is equal to 16, and  $n_2$  is equal to 16.

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising forming the signal sequence  $K(i)$  by modulating the second signal sequence as follows:  $K(i) = K_2(i \bmod n_2) * K_1(i \div n_2)$ .

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
receiving, at the mobile station, a received signal sequence  $E(1)$ , the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being contained in the received signal sequence  $E(1)$ , the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being determined in the mobile station by obtaining a correlation sum  $S$  of the signal sequence  $K(i)$  with ~~corresponding~~ using sections of the received signal sequence  $E(1)$ ;

wherein the mobile station determines the correlation sum  $S$  by:

determining a partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$  of the second signal sequence using corresponding parts of the received signal sequence  $E(1)$ ;

selecting  $n_1$  elements of the partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$ ; and

multiplying selected elements of the partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$  by first signal sequence elements  $K_1(j)$ .

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein selecting the  $n_1$  elements comprises selecting  $n_1$  in each of  $n_2$ -th elements of the partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$ .

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising:

receiving, at the mobile station, a received signal sequence  $E(1)$ , the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being contained in the received signal sequence  $E(1)$ , the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being determined in the mobile station by obtaining a correlation sums  $S$  of the signal sequence  $K(i)$  with ~~corresponding~~ using sections of the received signal sequence  $E(1)[[.]]$ ;

wherein the mobile station determines the correlation sum  $S$  by:

determining a partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$  for first signal sequence elements  $K1(j)$  using selected elements of the received signal sequence  $E(1)$ ; and

multiplying  $n2$  elements of the partial correlation sum sequence  $TS(z)$  by second signal sequence elements  $K2(k)$ .

7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, further comprising selecting  $n1$  in each of  $n2$ -th elements of the received signal sequence  $E(1)$  in order to calculate a partial correlation sum  $TS$ .

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, further comprising:

storing partial correlation sums  $TS$  in the mobile station; and

using the partial correlation sums in order to determine a further correlation sum  $S$ .

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

determining, in the mobile station, the signal sequence  $K(i)$  using information about the first signal sequence element  $K1(j)$  and the second signal sequence element  $K2(k)$ .

10. (Currently Amended) A base station comprising:  
a transmitter to transmit a signal sequence  $K(i)$  of length  $n$  from the base station to a  
mobile station in a synchronization channel; and ~~for transmitting a synchronization sequence to~~  
~~synchronize the base station and a mobile station, the synchronization sequence obtainable by:~~  
a processing device to obtain the signal sequence  $K(i)$  by repeating,  $n_1$  times, a second  
signal sequence element  $K_2(k)$  of length  $n_2$ , the second signal sequence element  $K_2(k)$  being  
modulated with a first signal sequence element  $K_1(j)$  of length  $n_1$ , where  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are equal,  
and  $j$  and  $k$  are integers;  
wherein timeslot synchronization is achieved between the base station and a mobile  
station using the synchronization channel.

11. (Currently Amended) A mobile station comprising:  
a transmitter to transmit a signal sequence  $K(i)$  of length  $n$  from the mobile station to a  
base station in a synchronization channel; and ~~that uses a synchronization sequence for~~  
~~synchronizing a base station and the mobile station, the synchronization sequence obtainable by:~~  
a processing device to obtain the signal sequence  $K(i)$  by repeating,  $n_1$  times, a second  
signal sequence element  $K_2(k)$  of length  $n_2$ , the second signal sequence element  $K_2(k)$  being  
modulated with a first signal sequence element  $K_1(j)$  of length  $n_1$ , where  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are equal,  
and  $j$  and  $k$  are integers;

wherein timeslot synchronization is achieved between the base station and a mobile station using the synchronization channel.

12. (Currently Amended) A signal sequence  $K(i)$  of length  $n$ , the signal sequence being stored in an information carrier, the signal sequence  $K(i)$  being obtainable by:

repeating,  $n_1$  times, a second sequence element  $K_2(k)$  of length  $n_2$ ; and

modulating a first sequence element  $K_1(j)$  of length  $n_1$  into repeated second sequence elements  $K_2(k)$ ;

wherein  $n_1$  is equal to  $n_2$ , and  $i$ ,  $j$  and  $k$  are integers;

wherein the signal sequence  $K(i)$  is usable by a mobile station to determine a timing of the base station; and

wherein timeslot synchronization is achievable between the base station and the mobile station using the signal sequence  $K(i)$  transmitted over a synchronization channel.